

Fundamental Physical Constants — Atomic and Nuclear Constants

Quantity	Symbol	Value	Unit	Relative std. uncert. u_r
General				
fine-structure constant $e^2/4\pi\epsilon_0\hbar c$	α	$7.297\,352\,568(24) \times 10^{-3}$		3.3×10^{-9}
inverse fine-structure constant	α^{-1}	137.035 999 11(46)		3.3×10^{-9}
Rydberg constant $\alpha^2 m_e c / 2h$	R_∞	10 973 731.568 525(73)	m^{-1}	6.6×10^{-12}
	$R_\infty c$	$3.289\,841\,960\,360(22) \times 10^{15}$	Hz	6.6×10^{-12}
	$R_\infty hc$	$2.179\,872\,09(37) \times 10^{-18}$	J	1.7×10^{-7}
$R_\infty hc$ in eV		13.605 6923(12)	eV	8.5×10^{-8}
Bohr radius $\alpha/4\pi R_\infty = 4\pi\epsilon_0\hbar^2/m_e e^2$	a_0	$0.529\,177\,2108(18) \times 10^{-10}$	m	3.3×10^{-9}
Hartree energy $e^2/4\pi\epsilon_0 a_0 = 2R_\infty hc$				
$= \alpha^2 m_e c^2$	E_h	$4.359\,744\,17(75) \times 10^{-18}$	J	1.7×10^{-7}
in eV		27.211 3845(23)	eV	8.5×10^{-8}
quantum of circulation	$h/2m_e$	$3.636\,947\,550(24) \times 10^{-4}$	$\text{m}^2 \text{s}^{-1}$	6.7×10^{-9}
	h/m_e	$7.273\,895\,101(48) \times 10^{-4}$	$\text{m}^2 \text{s}^{-1}$	6.7×10^{-9}
Electroweak				
Fermi coupling constant ¹	$G_F/(\hbar c)^3$	$1.166\,39(1) \times 10^{-5}$	GeV^{-2}	8.6×10^{-6}
weak mixing angle ² θ_W (on-shell scheme)				
$\sin^2 \theta_W = s_W^2 \equiv 1 - (m_W/m_Z)^2$	$\sin^2 \theta_W$	0.222 15(76)		3.4×10^{-3}
Electron, e^-				
electron mass	m_e	$9.109\,3826(16) \times 10^{-31}$	kg	1.7×10^{-7}
in u, $m_e = A_r(e) \text{ u}$ (electron relative atomic mass times u)		5.485 799 0945(24) $\times 10^{-4}$	u	4.4×10^{-10}
energy equivalent	$m_e c^2$	$8.187\,1047(14) \times 10^{-14}$	J	1.7×10^{-7}
in MeV		0.510 998 918(44)	MeV	8.6×10^{-8}
electron-muon mass ratio	m_e/m_μ	$4.836\,331\,67(13) \times 10^{-3}$		2.6×10^{-8}
electron-tau mass ratio	m_e/m_τ	$2.875\,64(47) \times 10^{-4}$		1.6×10^{-4}
electron-proton mass ratio	m_e/m_p	$5.446\,170\,2173(25) \times 10^{-4}$		4.6×10^{-10}
electron-neutron mass ratio	m_e/m_n	$5.438\,673\,4481(38) \times 10^{-4}$		7.0×10^{-10}
electron-deuteron mass ratio	m_e/m_d	$2.724\,437\,1095(13) \times 10^{-4}$		4.8×10^{-10}
electron to alpha particle mass ratio	m_e/m_α	$1.370\,933\,555\,75(61) \times 10^{-4}$		4.4×10^{-10}
electron charge to mass quotient	$-e/m_e$	$-1.758\,820\,12(15) \times 10^{11}$	C kg^{-1}	8.6×10^{-8}
electron molar mass $N_A m_e$	$M(e), M_e$	$5.485\,799\,0945(24) \times 10^{-7}$	kg mol^{-1}	4.4×10^{-10}
Compton wavelength $h/m_e c$	λ_C	$2.426\,310\,238(16) \times 10^{-12}$	m	6.7×10^{-9}
$\lambda_C/2\pi = \alpha a_0 = \alpha^2/4\pi R_\infty$	λ_C	$386.159\,2678(26) \times 10^{-15}$	m	6.7×10^{-9}
classical electron radius $\alpha^2 a_0$	r_e	$2.817\,940\,325(28) \times 10^{-15}$	m	1.0×10^{-8}
Thomson cross section $(8\pi/3)r_e^2$	σ_e	$0.665\,245\,873(13) \times 10^{-28}$	m^2	2.0×10^{-8}
electron magnetic moment	μ_e	$-928.476\,412(80) \times 10^{-26}$	J T^{-1}	8.6×10^{-8}
to Bohr magneton ratio	μ_e/μ_B	$-1.001\,159\,652\,1859(38)$		3.8×10^{-12}
to nuclear magneton ratio	μ_e/μ_N	$-1838.281\,971\,07(85)$		4.6×10^{-10}
electron magnetic moment anomaly $ \mu_e /\mu_B - 1$	a_e	$1.159\,652\,1859(38) \times 10^{-3}$		3.2×10^{-9}

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electron g -factor $-2(1 + a_e)$	g_e	$-2.002\,319\,304\,3718(75)$		3.8×10^{-12}
electron-muon magnetic moment ratio	μ_e/μ_μ	$206.766\,9894(54)$		2.6×10^{-8}
electron-proton magnetic moment ratio	μ_e/μ_p	$-658.210\,6862(66)$		1.0×10^{-8}
electron to shielded proton magnetic moment ratio (H ₂ O, sphere, 25 °C)	μ_e/μ'_p	$-658.227\,5956(71)$		1.1×10^{-8}
electron-neutron magnetic moment ratio	μ_e/μ_n	$960.920\,50(23)$		2.4×10^{-7}
electron-deuteron magnetic moment ratio	μ_e/μ_d	$-2143.923\,493(23)$		1.1×10^{-8}
electron to shielded helion ³ magnetic moment ratio (gas, sphere, 25 °C)	μ_e/μ'_h	$864.058\,255(10)$		1.2×10^{-8}
electron gyromagnetic ratio $2 \mu_e /\hbar$	γ_e	$1.760\,859\,74(15) \times 10^{11}$	$\text{s}^{-1} \text{T}^{-1}$	8.6×10^{-8}
	$\gamma_e/2\pi$	$28\,024.9532(24)$	MHz T^{-1}	8.6×10^{-8}
Muon, μ^-				
muon mass	m_μ	$1.883\,531\,40(33) \times 10^{-28}$	kg	1.7×10^{-7}
in u, $m_\mu = A_r(\mu) \text{ u}$ (muon relative atomic mass times u)		$0.113\,428\,9264(30)$	u	2.6×10^{-8}
energy equivalent in MeV	$m_\mu c^2$	$1.692\,833\,60(29) \times 10^{-11}$	J	1.7×10^{-7}
		$105.658\,3692(94)$	MeV	8.9×10^{-8}
muon-electron mass ratio	m_μ/m_e	$206.768\,2838(54)$		2.6×10^{-8}
muon-tau mass ratio	m_μ/m_τ	$5.945\,92(97) \times 10^{-2}$		1.6×10^{-4}
muon-proton mass ratio	m_μ/m_p	$0.112\,609\,5269(29)$		2.6×10^{-8}
muon-neutron mass ratio	m_μ/m_n	$0.112\,454\,5175(29)$		2.6×10^{-8}
muon molar mass $N_A m_\mu$	$M(\mu), M_\mu$	$0.113\,428\,9264(30) \times 10^{-3}$	kg mol⁻¹	2.6×10^{-8}
muon Compton wavelength $h/m_\mu c$	$\lambda_{C,\mu}$	$11.734\,441\,05(30) \times 10^{-15}$	m	2.5×10^{-8}
$\lambda_{C,\mu}/2\pi$	$\lambda_{C,\mu}$	$1.867\,594\,298(47) \times 10^{-15}$	m	2.5×10^{-8}
muon magnetic moment	μ_μ	$-4.490\,447\,99(40) \times 10^{-26}$	J T⁻¹	8.9×10^{-8}
to Bohr magneton ratio	μ_μ/μ_B	$-4.841\,970\,45(13) \times 10^{-3}$		2.6×10^{-8}
to nuclear magneton ratio	μ_μ/μ_N	$-8.890\,596\,98(23)$		2.6×10^{-8}
muon magnetic moment anomaly $ \mu_\mu /(e\hbar/2m_\mu) - 1$	a_μ	$1.165\,919\,81(62) \times 10^{-3}$		5.3×10^{-7}
muon g -factor $-2(1 + a_\mu)$	g_μ	$-2.002\,331\,8396(12)$		6.2×10^{-10}
muon-proton magnetic moment ratio	μ_μ/μ_p	$-3.183\,345\,118(89)$		2.8×10^{-8}
Tau, τ^-				
tau mass ⁴	m_τ	$3.167\,77(52) \times 10^{-27}$	kg	1.6×10^{-4}
in u, $m_\tau = A_r(\tau) \text{ u}$ (tau)				

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relative atomic mass times u)		1.907 68(31)	u	1.6×10^{-4}
energy equivalent	$m_\tau c^2$	$2.847\,05(46) \times 10^{-10}$	J	1.6×10^{-4}
in MeV		1776.99(29)	MeV	1.6×10^{-4}
tau-electron mass ratio	m_τ/m_e	3477.48(57)		1.6×10^{-4}
tau-muon mass ratio	m_τ/m_μ	16.8183(27)		1.6×10^{-4}
tau-proton mass ratio	m_τ/m_p	1.893 90(31)		1.6×10^{-4}
tau-neutron mass ratio	m_τ/m_n	1.891 29(31)		1.6×10^{-4}
tau molar mass $N_A m_\tau$	$M(\tau), M_\tau$	$1.907\,68(31) \times 10^{-3}$	kg mol ⁻¹	1.6×10^{-4}
tau Compton wavelength $h/m_\tau c$	$\lambda_{C,\tau}$	$0.697\,72(11) \times 10^{-15}$	m	1.6×10^{-4}
$\lambda_{C,\tau}/2\pi$	$\lambda_{C,\tau}$	$0.111\,046(18) \times 10^{-15}$	m	1.6×10^{-4}
Proton, p				
proton mass	m_p	$1.672\,621\,71(29) \times 10^{-27}$	kg	1.7×10^{-7}
in u, $m_p = A_r(p)$ u (proton relative atomic mass times u)		1.007 276 466 88(13)	u	1.3×10^{-10}
energy equivalent	$m_p c^2$	$1.503\,277\,43(26) \times 10^{-10}$	J	1.7×10^{-7}
in MeV		938.272 029(80)	MeV	8.6×10^{-8}
proton-electron mass ratio	m_p/m_e	1836.152 672 61(85)		4.6×10^{-10}
proton-muon mass ratio	m_p/m_μ	8.880 243 33(23)		2.6×10^{-8}
proton-tau mass ratio	m_p/m_τ	0.528 012(86)		1.6×10^{-4}
proton-neutron mass ratio	m_p/m_n	0.998 623 478 72(58)		5.8×10^{-10}
proton charge to mass quotient	e/m_p	$9.578\,833\,76(82) \times 10^7$	C kg ⁻¹	8.6×10^{-8}
proton molar mass $N_A m_p$	$M(p), M_p$	$1.007\,276\,466\,88(13) \times 10^{-3}$	kg mol ⁻¹	1.3×10^{-10}
proton Compton wavelength $h/m_p c$	$\lambda_{C,p}$	$1.321\,409\,8555(88) \times 10^{-15}$	m	6.7×10^{-9}
$\lambda_{C,p}/2\pi$	$\lambda_{C,p}$	$0.210\,308\,9104(14) \times 10^{-15}$	m	6.7×10^{-9}
proton rms charge radius	R_p	$0.8750(68) \times 10^{-15}$	m	7.8×10^{-3}
proton magnetic moment	μ_p	$1.410\,606\,71(12) \times 10^{-26}$	J T ⁻¹	8.7×10^{-8}
to Bohr magneton ratio	μ_p/μ_B	$1.521\,032\,206(15) \times 10^{-3}$		1.0×10^{-8}
to nuclear magneton ratio	μ_p/μ_N	2.792 847 351(28)		1.0×10^{-8}
proton g -factor $2\mu_p/\mu_N$	g_p	5.585 694 701(56)		1.0×10^{-8}
proton-neutron magnetic moment ratio	μ_p/μ_n	-1.459 898 05(34)		2.4×10^{-7}
shielded proton magnetic moment (H ₂ O, sphere, 25 °C)	μ'_p	$1.410\,570\,47(12) \times 10^{-26}$	J T ⁻¹	8.7×10^{-8}
to Bohr magneton ratio	μ'_p/μ_B	$1.520\,993\,132(16) \times 10^{-3}$		1.1×10^{-8}
to nuclear magneton ratio	μ'_p/μ_N	2.792 775 604(30)		1.1×10^{-8}
proton magnetic shielding correction $1 - \mu'_p/\mu_p$ (H ₂ O, sphere, 25 °C)	σ'_p	$25.689(15) \times 10^{-6}$		5.7×10^{-4}
proton gyromagnetic ratio $2\mu_p/\hbar$	γ_p	$2.675\,222\,05(23) \times 10^8$	s ⁻¹ T ⁻¹	8.6×10^{-8}
shielded proton gyromagnetic	$\gamma_p/2\pi$	42.577 4813(37)	MHz T ⁻¹	8.6×10^{-8}

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ratio $2\mu'_p/\hbar$ (H ₂ O, sphere, 25 °C)	γ'_p	$2.675\,153\,33(23) \times 10^8$	$\text{s}^{-1} \text{T}^{-1}$	8.6×10^{-8}
	$\gamma'_p/2\pi$	42.576 3875(37)	MHz T ⁻¹	8.6×10^{-8}
Neutron, n				
neutron mass	m_n	$1.674\,927\,28(29) \times 10^{-27}$	kg	1.7×10^{-7}
in u, $m_n = A_r(\text{n})$ u (neutron relative atomic mass times u)		1.008 664 915 60(55)	u	5.5×10^{-10}
energy equivalent	$m_n c^2$	$1.505\,349\,57(26) \times 10^{-10}$	J	1.7×10^{-7}
in MeV		939.565 360(81)	MeV	8.6×10^{-8}
neutron-electron mass ratio	m_n/m_e	1838.683 6598(13)		7.0×10^{-10}
neutron-muon mass ratio	m_n/m_μ	8.892 484 02(23)		2.6×10^{-8}
neutron-tau mass ratio	m_n/m_τ	0.528 740(86)		1.6×10^{-4}
neutron-proton mass ratio	m_n/m_p	1.001 378 418 70(58)		5.8×10^{-10}
neutron molar mass $N_A m_n$	$M(\text{n}), M_n$	$1.008\,664\,915\,60(55) \times 10^{-3}$	kg mol ⁻¹	5.5×10^{-10}
neutron Compton wavelength $h/m_n c$	$\lambda_{C,n}$	$1.319\,590\,9067(88) \times 10^{-15}$	m	6.7×10^{-9}
$\lambda_{C,n}/2\pi$	$\lambda_{C,n}/2\pi$	$0.210\,019\,4157(14) \times 10^{-15}$	m	6.7×10^{-9}
neutron magnetic moment	μ_n	$-0.966\,236\,45(24) \times 10^{-26}$	J T ⁻¹	2.5×10^{-7}
to Bohr magneton ratio	μ_n/μ_B	$-1.041\,875\,63(25) \times 10^{-3}$		2.4×10^{-7}
to nuclear magneton ratio	μ_n/μ_N	-1.913 042 73(45)		2.4×10^{-7}
neutron g -factor $2\mu_n/\mu_N$	g_n	-3.826 085 46(90)		2.4×10^{-7}
neutron-electron magnetic moment ratio	μ_n/μ_e	$1.040\,668\,82(25) \times 10^{-3}$		2.4×10^{-7}
neutron-proton magnetic moment ratio	μ_n/μ_p	-0.684 979 34(16)		2.4×10^{-7}
neutron to shielded proton magnetic moment ratio	μ_n/μ'_p	-0.684 996 94(16)		2.4×10^{-7}
(H ₂ O, sphere, 25 °C)				
neutron gyromagnetic ratio $2 \mu_n /\hbar$	γ_n	$1.832\,471\,83(46) \times 10^8$	$\text{s}^{-1} \text{T}^{-1}$	2.5×10^{-7}
	$\gamma_n/2\pi$	29.164 6950(73)	MHz T ⁻¹	2.5×10^{-7}
Deuteron, d				
deuteron mass	m_d	$3.343\,583\,35(57) \times 10^{-27}$	kg	1.7×10^{-7}
in u, $m_d = A_r(\text{d})$ u (deuteron relative atomic mass times u)		2.013 553 212 70(35)	u	1.7×10^{-10}
energy equivalent	$m_d c^2$	$3.005\,062\,85(51) \times 10^{-10}$	J	1.7×10^{-7}
in MeV		1875.612 82(16)	MeV	8.6×10^{-8}
deuteron-electron mass ratio	m_d/m_e	3670.482 9652(18)		4.8×10^{-10}
deuteron-proton mass ratio	m_d/m_p	1.999 007 500 82(41)		2.0×10^{-10}
deuteron molar mass $N_A m_d$	$M(\text{d}), M_d$	$2.013\,553\,212\,70(35) \times 10^{-3}$	kg mol ⁻¹	1.7×10^{-10}
deuteron rms charge radius	R_d	$2.1394(28) \times 10^{-15}$	m	1.3×10^{-3}
deuteron magnetic moment	μ_d	$0.433\,073\,482(38) \times 10^{-26}$	J T ⁻¹	8.7×10^{-8}
to Bohr magneton ratio	μ_d/μ_B	$0.466\,975\,4567(50) \times 10^{-3}$		1.1×10^{-8}

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to nuclear magneton ratio	μ_d/μ_N	0.857 438 2329(92)		1.1×10^{-8}
deuteron-electron magnetic moment ratio	μ_d/μ_e	$-4.664\,345\,548(50) \times 10^{-4}$		1.1×10^{-8}
deuteron-proton magnetic moment ratio	μ_d/μ_p	0.307 012 2084(45)		1.5×10^{-8}
deuteron-neutron magnetic moment ratio	μ_d/μ_n	$-0.448\,206\,52(11)$		2.4×10^{-7}
Helion, h				
helion mass ³ in u, $m_h = A_r(\text{h})$ u (helion relative atomic mass times u)	m_h	$5.006\,412\,14(86) \times 10^{-27}$	kg	1.7×10^{-7}
energy equivalent in MeV	$m_h c^2$	$4.499\,538\,84(77) \times 10^{-10}$	J	1.9×10^{-9}
		2808.391 42(24)	MeV	1.7×10^{-7}
helion-electron mass ratio	m_h/m_e	5495.885 269(11)		2.0×10^{-9}
helion-proton mass ratio	m_h/m_p	2.993 152 6671(58)		1.9×10^{-9}
helion molar mass $N_A m_h$	$M(\text{h}), M_h$	$3.014\,932\,2434(58) \times 10^{-3}$	kg mol ⁻¹	1.9×10^{-9}
shielded helion magnetic moment (gas, sphere, 25 °C)	μ'_h	$-1.074\,553\,024(93) \times 10^{-26}$	J T ⁻¹	8.7×10^{-8}
to Bohr magneton ratio	μ'_h/μ_B	$-1.158\,671\,474(14) \times 10^{-3}$		1.2×10^{-8}
to nuclear magneton ratio	μ'_h/μ_N	$-2.127\,497\,723(25)$		1.2×10^{-8}
shielded helion to proton magnetic moment ratio (gas, sphere, 25 °C)	μ'_h/μ_p	$-0.761\,766\,562(12)$		1.5×10^{-8}
shielded helion to shielded proton magnetic moment ratio (gas/H ₂ O, spheres, 25 °C)	μ'_h/μ'_p	$-0.761\,786\,1313(33)$		4.3×10^{-9}
shielded helion gyromagnetic ratio $2 \mu'_h /\hbar$ (gas, sphere, 25 °C)	γ'_h	$2.037\,894\,70(18) \times 10^8$	s ⁻¹ T ⁻¹	8.7×10^{-8}
	$\gamma'_h/2\pi$	32.434 1015(28)	MHz T ⁻¹	8.7×10^{-8}
Alpha particle, α				
alpha particle mass in u, $m_\alpha = A_r(\alpha)$ u (alpha particle relative atomic mass times u)	m_α	$6.644\,6565(11) \times 10^{-27}$	kg	1.7×10^{-7}
energy equivalent in MeV	$m_\alpha c^2$	$4.001\,506\,179\,149(56)$	J	1.4×10^{-11}
		$5.971\,9194(10) \times 10^{-10}$	MeV	1.7×10^{-7}
		3727.379 17(32)	MeV	8.6×10^{-8}
alpha particle to electron mass ratio	m_α/m_e	7294.299 5363(32)		4.4×10^{-10}
alpha particle to proton mass ratio	m_α/m_p	3.972 599 689 07(52)		1.3×10^{-10}
alpha particle molar mass $N_A m_\alpha$	$M(\alpha), M_\alpha$	$4.001\,506\,179\,149(56) \times 10^{-3}$	kg mol ⁻¹	1.4×10^{-11}

¹ Value recommended by the Particle Data Group (Hagiwara, *et al.*, 2002).

² Based on the ratio of the masses of the W and Z bosons m_W/m_Z recommended by the Particle Data Group (Hagiwara, *et al.*, 2002). The value for $\sin^2\theta_W$ they recommend, which is based on a particular variant of the modified minimal subtraction ($\overline{\text{MS}}$) scheme, is $\sin^2\theta_W(M_Z) = 0.231\,24(24)$.

³ The helion, symbol h, is the nucleus of the ³He atom.

⁴ This and all other values involving m_τ are based on the value of $m_\tau c^2$ in MeV recommended by the Particle Data Group, (Hagiwara, *et al.*, 2002), but with a standard uncertainty of 0.29 MeV rather than the quoted uncertainty of -0.26 MeV, $+0.29$ MeV.